

Regional Workshop: "Mapping EE and RES Market Potential Areas with Higher Impact on Local Economy and Job Creation"

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UNDP - Lebanon Prepared by: Jad Taha El-Baba







Value Chain Assessment of Lebanon's RE and EE Markets in Lebanon

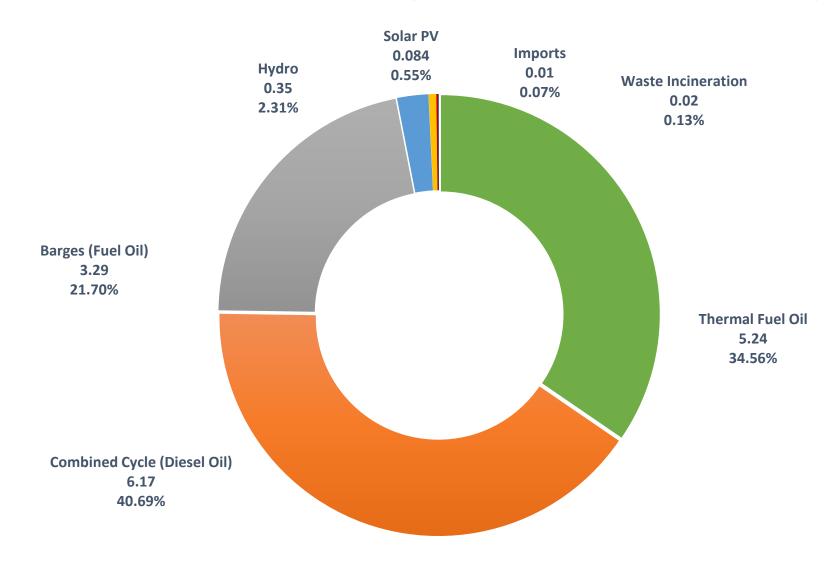
Outline:

- 1. Lebanon's Achievements in RE and EE Technologies
- 2. Impact on Local Economy (Jobs and Supply Chain)
- 3. How to increase the number of jobs created?
- 4. Lessons Learned and Key Recommendations

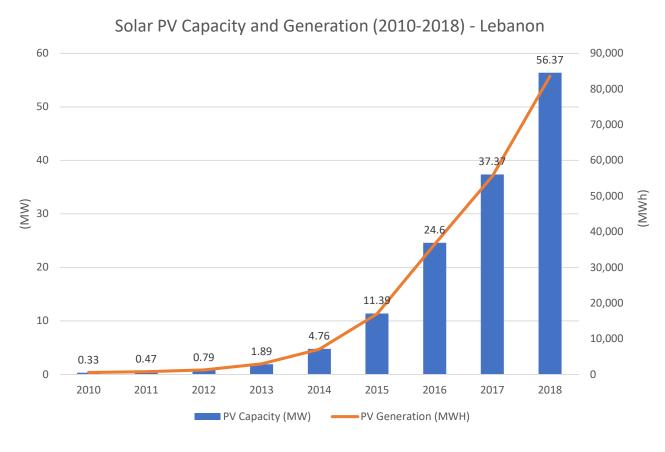
Value-Chains Selected:

- 1. Solar PV: Large & Decentralized
- 2. Wind Energy
- □ **3. Bioenergy:** Briquettes & Biogas

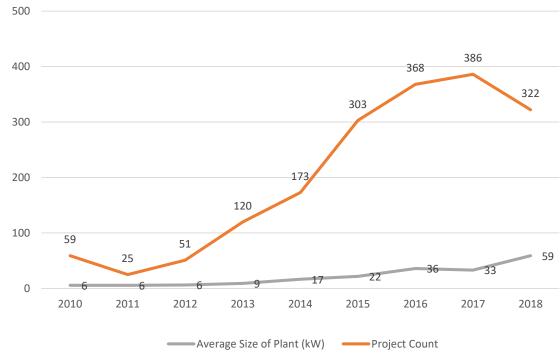
Lebanon's 2018 Electricity Generation Mix (TWh | %)



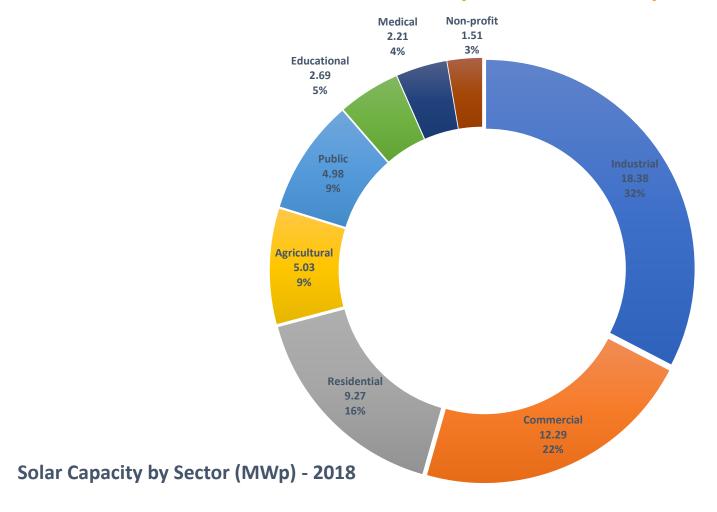
Solar PV Status in Lebanon (2010-2018)



Average Plant Size (kW) and Project Count (2010 - 2018)

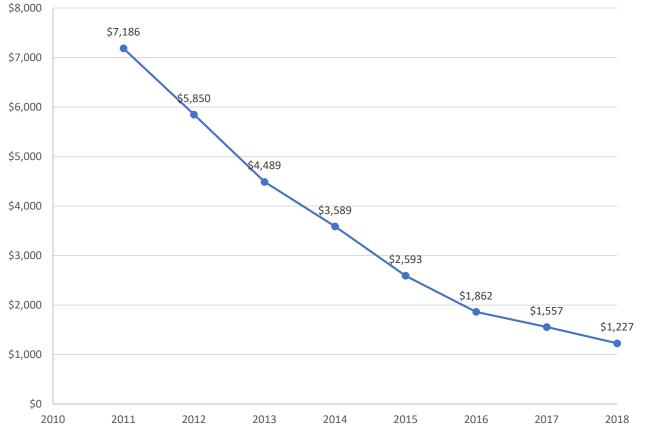


Solar PV Status in Lebanon (2010-2018)

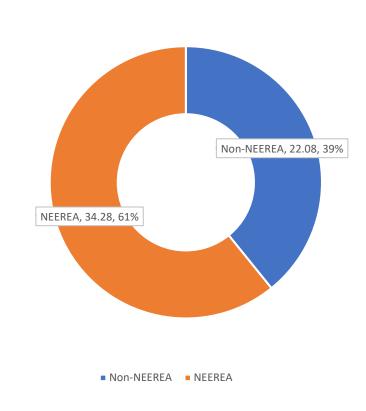


Main Economic Drivers of Solar PV Installations in Lebanon

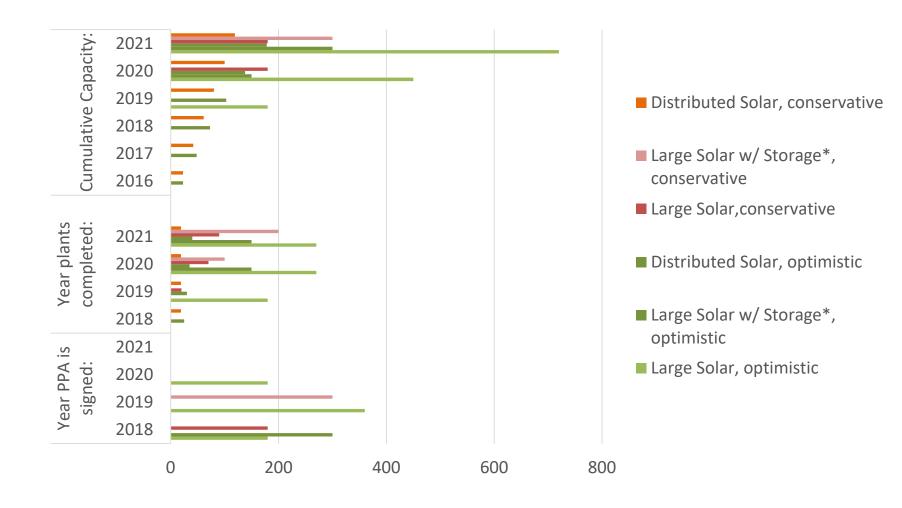


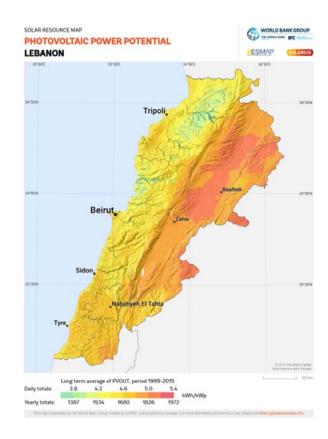


Capacity share per Source of Funding (MWp | %)



PV in Lebanon – Future Development (MW)





Still small, but large potential and ambitious plans

Employment from PV – Scenario Overview

	2018	201 9	2020	2021			
SCENARIO A: Optimistic							
DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	556	2,606	4,765	4,917			
Installation	550	2,574	4,675	4,768			
Operation & Maintenance	6	32	90	149			
INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT	641	5,114	11,974	12,171			
Installation	609	4,987	11,707	11,763			
Operation & Maintenance	32	127	268	408			
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	1,197	7,720	16,739	17,088			
SCENARIO B: Conservative							
DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	423	606	2,216	2,469			
Installation	418	596	2,175	2,395			
Operation & Maintenance	5	10	40	73			
INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT	493	971	6,637	7,141			
Installation	463	926	6,554	7,009			
Operation & Maintenance	30	45	84	132			
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	917	1,577	8,853	9,609			
DIFFERENCE							
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT DIFFERENCE	280	6,143	7,886	7,479			

Average Employment per Capacity Installed = 40 FTE/MW

Specific Actions for PV

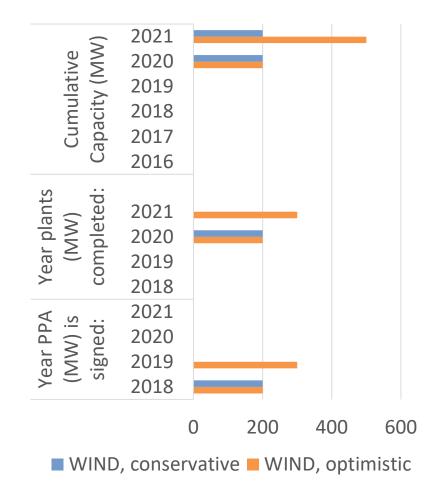
Actions	Timeline	Priority	costs/ efforts	Responsible	Support by UNDP
General strategy – decentralized approach with central support					
Establish local energy hub with focus on PV (and EE)	Starting 2018	medium- high	medium- high	Government, PV sector	yes
Establish a central PV knowledge hub	2018-19	high	medium	Government, PV sector	yes
Strategic investment promotion					
(Continue to) provide and promote an attractive and stable PV support scheme	on-going	high	low	government	
Streamline the NEEREA process	2018-19	high	low	government	
Accelerate the introduction of grid connection standards and guidelines	2018-20	medium- high	medium	government, EDL	yes
Provide solar maps indicating useful roof-tops and available land	2019-20	medium- high	medium	government, RE sector	yes

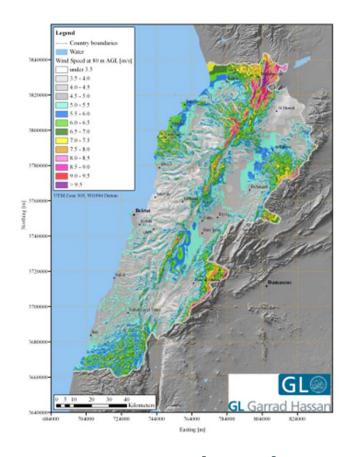
Specific Actions for PV

Actions	Timeline	Priority	costs/ efforts	Responsible	Support by UNDP
Improving cooperation between public research organizations and private sector					
Quality assurance framework for PV	2019-20	medium	Medium- high	government, EDL	yes
Promote R&D, pilots and companies working on hybrid systems	2019-20	medium	medium	government, RE sector, research institutes	yes
Improve Building Code	2018-20	high	medium	government, RE sector, other stakeholders	
Enhancing know-how through education and training	ng				
Provide technical and vocational training to installer (and others)	^{°S} 2018-20	medium- high	medium	government, RE sector	yes
Launch a certification scheme for installers	2019-20	medium- high	low- medium	government, RE sector	yes
Organize awareness raising campaigns to promote f prosumers	RE 2018-20	medium- high	low- medium	government, RE sector	yes

Wind in Lebanon – Future Development

- ➤ 200 MW in the conservative scenario, 500 MW in the optimistic
- Construction, service, design, finance, cables, construction material
- ➤ No manufacturing at this stage





None yet, but plans and potential

Many different components – manufacturing possible, value in all phases of the value chain.

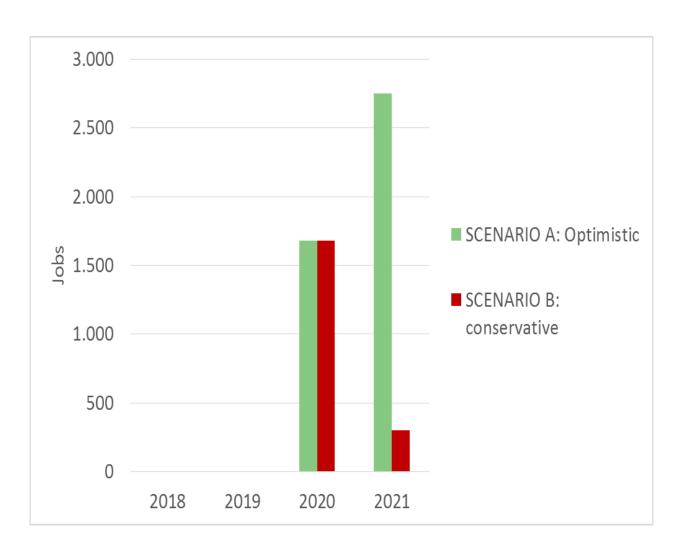
Employment from wind – scenario overview

	2018	2019	2020	2021			
SCENARIO A: Optimistic							
DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	0	777	1,222			
Installation	0	0	720	1,080			
Operation & Maintenance	0	0	57	142			
INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	0	902	1,531			
Installation	0	0	657	936			
Operation & Maintenance	0	0	245	595			
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	0	0	1,679	2,753			
SCENARIO B: Conservative							
DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	0	777	57			
Installation	0	0	720	0			
Operation & Maintenance	0	0	57	57			
INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	0	902	245			
Installation	0	0	657	0			
Operation & Maintenance	0	0	245	245			
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	0	0	1,679	302			
DIFFERENCE							
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT DIFFERENCE	0	0	0	2,451			

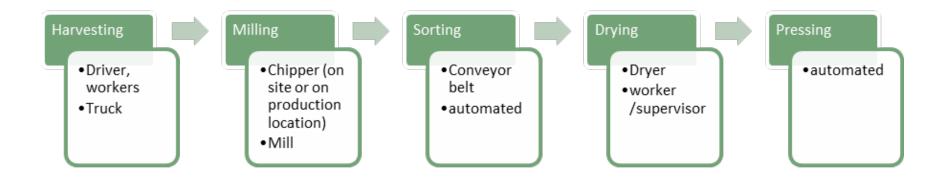
Average Employment per Capacity Installed = 9 FTE/MW

Employment from Wind scenario overview

 Jobs from planning and installation, O&M small in comparison.



Value chain of briquetting



- From interviews with stakeholders: briquetting should be described briefly => simple analysis: how many jobs in O&M of the briquetting:
- > Show the impacts of the briquetting process as such.
- ➤ Upstream activities such as the manufacturing of the briquetting machine do not occur domestically.
- ➤ The collection of wood, the sales of the briquettes and other upstream and downstream activities depend largely on the respective regulatory framework.
- ➤ The collection of residuals should be encouraged, while informal wood collection should be discouraged or prohibited.

Employement from Biomass Briquettes

According to a pilot project, one-time investment costs are estimated at \$210.000 for 1 MW plant.

During operation and maintenance, 7-8 jobs/MW are reported from a pilot project

Up to 40 processing plants could be installed in Lebanon. With these 40 plants, <u>280 additional jobs</u> would be created from O&M.

Looking at the equipment needed, 40 projects would require an investment of \$8.4 million.

The machinery can either be imported or developed in Lebanon. An input of \$1 million to the machinery industry in Lebanon <u>yields 60 additional</u> • jobs .

Selling the briquettes can yield more work, but depending on the delivery method to customers this could be one or two people.

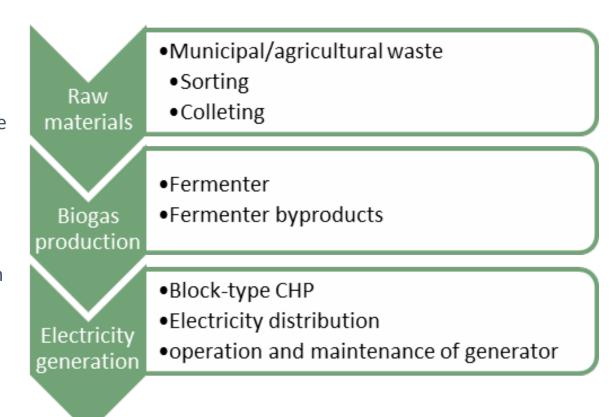
Note:

- Biomass from forests comes with some challenges, which should not discourage the promotion of this technology.
- The wood collected has to be monitored to ensure *sustainable collection methods and quantities* and the availability of wood for briquetting frequently has to be checked and approved.
- The briquettes could potentially replace part of the demand of subsidized diesel fuel for thermal purposes, while at the same time decrease the fumes and burn CO2-neutral.

Average Employment per Capacity Installed = 9 FTE/MW

Value chain of biogas from wastes

- Currently, Lebanon does not have a target for biogas or an installation path.
- ➤ The Council of Ministers approved the Policy Summary on Integrated Solid Waste Management (January 11, 2018), which leaves room for Biogas, but does not make explicit reference to it.
- To show value creation from biogas in Lebanon, data from earlier studies is used.



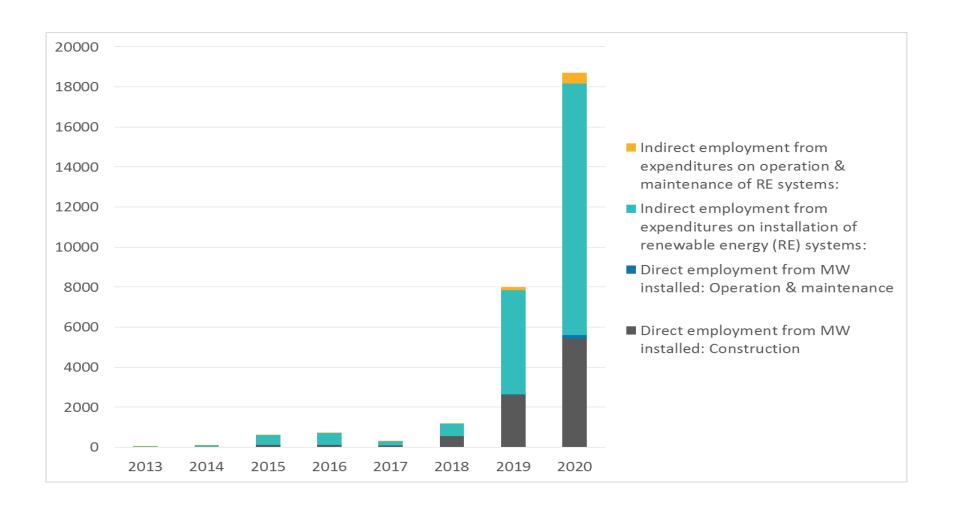
Employment from Biogas from Waste installation and O&M

- > Small job effect, but decentralized and steady from O&M
- > Deeper analysis of potential necessary
- ➤ Waste topic is discussed from the waste management rather than the energy aspect. Synthesis approach could lead to synergies

	2018	2019	2020	2021
DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	42	42	42
INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT	0	5	9	14
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	0	47	51	56

Average
Employment per
Capacity Installed
= 14 FTE/MW

Total results – large opportunities



Optimistic scenario

- ≥ 20,000 jobs.... This is worth some effort
- > Large potential across all sectors: science/education, construction, services
- > The focus on PV creates fewer permanent jobs
- > Permanent jobs are created from technologies which require O&M
- > Industry should be more included in a RE strategy not only as consumer, but as supplier.

Conclusions

- > Continued RE support policies are required to create a strong local RE industry
- > Key actions include:
 - Central and distributed RE incubation hubs (practitioner programme)
 - Support of RE policies and targets
 - PV:
 - Establish quality assurance framework for installations
 - Support training and education along the value chain
 - Promote R&D, pilots and companies working on hybrid systems
 - Organize awareness raising campaigns to promote RE prosumers
 - Wind:
 - Support training for service sector
 - Awareness raising for suppliers and subcontractors
 - Improve information on resources, site availability, grid impact study
 - Bioenergy:
 - Combine strategy with waste strategy

References

 Prioritization and Assessment of Value Chains within The Renewable Energy Sector in Lebanon, (UNDP, 2019)



PRIORITIZATION AND ASSESSMENT OF VALUE CHAINS WITHIN THE RENEWABLE ENERGY SECTOR IN LEBANON

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Solar PV Status Report 2019 (LCEC, 2019)

Thank you!