









Mitigation Enabling Energy Transition in the MEDiterranean region

Cool Buildings in Morocco and the Planet

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PLAN

- The current state of air conditioning in buildings in Morocco
- The footprint of air conditioners in the energy base
- The objectives for energy efficiency in buildings
- Regulatory challenges
- The actions and the Kigali amendment (environment and energy efficiency)
- Conclusion







1. The current state of air conditioning in buildings in Morocco

- Mainly split systems operating in residedentiel and semi commercial
- Centralised systems in Buildings (CWS and DX)
- ON/OFF operations (high power consumption)
- Operating with HCFC and HFC refrigerants
- Ozone Depletion Potentiel and Global Warming Potentiel





1. The current state of air conditioning in buildings in Morocco

- Increase in the number of housing units built in Morocco
- Demographic change
- The fall in the price of air conditioning units
- Higher ambiant temperature
- A 50% increase in installations by 2030 according to the World Bank





1. The current state of air conditioning in buildings in Morocco

COOLING IS AN NECESSITY AND NOT A LUXURY





2. The footprint of air conditioners in the energy base

- Low energy performance
- High demand on power supply
- 70% of total energy consumed in homes is absorbed by AC
- Up to 50% of power consumed in building is absorbed by AC
- Use of F-GAS refrigerants





3. Regulatory challenges

Regulation on EER of Equipments

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/	Catégorie	Mode de fonctionnement	Climatiseurs split et multi-Split	Climatiseurs monoblocs
	Climatiseurs à condensation par air	Refroidissement	EER > 2,8	EER > 2,6
		Chauffage	COP > 3,2	COP > 3,0
	Climatiseurs à condensation par eau	Refroidissement	EER > 3,1	EER > 3,8
		Chauffage	COP > 3,2	COP > 3,0

Building Comfort Regulations

Période	Température sèche	Humidité Relative
Été	26°C	60%
Hiver	20°C	55%



Source AMEE: Technical Guide for HVAC



4. The Kigali Amendment: Environment and Energy Efficiency

- Reduction and gradual replacement of HFC refrigerants
- The promotion of energy efficient systems
- Introduction of low-GWP Alternative refrigerants
- Use of natural but flammable refrigerants
- Up to 80% reduction by 2045 for developing countries.





5. Current actions in the field

- Disclosure of standards and rules of good practice
- Practical trainings and upskilling: Certification
- Encouragement of preventive and regular maintenance



Technical Guide for

HVAC

- Development of guides for the proper use of air conditioners
- Closer collaboration :Architects; designer, consultants and property developers





6. Opportunities

- The promotion of energy efficient AC units with inverter technology
- Use of centralised and optimised systems: DRV/VRV CWS
- Train and inform all stake holders: +1°C change in setting = +3% consumption
- Introduction of more naturel and low GWP Refrigerants
- Upskill the work force and regulate the sector



7. Some achievements from the design stage



Omrane Company Headquarters Chrafate

energy savings: 35% of heating needs and 14% of air conditioning



Source: AMEE: building models



Project: Noria Oasis 484 tourist residence units (Marrakesh)

energy savings: 30% of heating needs and 62% of

air conditioning



Conclusion

- Good opportunites to change for the better
- Important changes to the industry: Tehnology and Regulation
- Use of more efficient equipment: up to 40% power savings
- Inform and involve all stakeholders: Design, Installation, Maintenance and Use
- Think and decide on LIFE CYCLE COST and not capital cost





Thank you

Any Questions?







Contact us!_



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Together We Switch to Clean Energy

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