







WP4: Promote Efficient Appliances & Develop the Market

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The Appliances Scrapping Facts and Implementation in Lebanon Feb 28, 2024





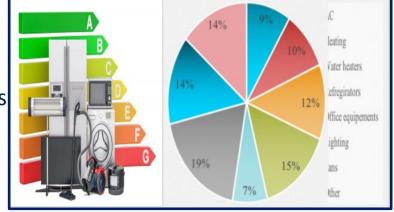


Key Findings from MeetMED-I

- Electricity consumption trends from the MeetMED-I project shows that Residential sector consumes ~42% of the total end electricity use in the SEMCs.
- Appliances contribute to 70% ~ 80% of the total residential consumption in the ESM region.
- Comparative Labelling is the predominant in the SEM region while Mandatory MEPS are the most applied tool in use by the governments.
- However there is variance in maturity of implementation between different countries.
- Key challenges to the promotion of efficient appliances include need for supporting policies & guidelines,
 Implementation of MVE and Public Awareness

MeetMED-I Takeaways

Country	Regulation	Lighting	Refrigeration	Air Conditioning	Washing machine	Solar Water Heater	TV	Fan	
Algeria	MEPS				- \	-	-	-	
Aigeria	Labeling				-	-		-	
Farmt	MEPS						-		
Egypt	Labeling					-		-	
Jordan	MEPS							-	
outuan	Labeling					1-11		-	
Morocco	MEPS	-			-		(+	-	
MOTOCCO	Labeling	-			-		-	-	
Libya	MEPS		- 1	40		2-1	-	-	
Libya	Labeling	- N	. 1	V//-	O-	11.50	10 - 0	-	
Lebanon	MEPS				-		14		
renanon	Labeling				-	-		-	
Palestine	MEPS	(. \-	-	-		-	
raiestine	Labeling			N.Y.		-	-	-	
Tunista	MEPS				-	-		-	
Tunisia	Labeling				-	6-0	-	-	
Voluntary Mandatory Under development					Policy type				
				Endorser					
				Comparative					





MEPS Promotion and Labelling Process for Appliances with a Special Focus on Air-Conditioning

Objectives

This activity aims at informing policy makers and stakeholders involved in energy efficiency field about the national and regional energy labelling schemes and efficiency standard programs. This activity also attempts to address the current challenges facing the enforcement of MEPS and labeling schemes

Expected outputs and timeline

Manual procedure for MEPS Implementation Regional report on MEPS/Label's implementation with a focus on air conditioning

Two national MEPS program reports

Targeted Countries















Key Objectives

Aims to enriching experts' and public bodies' officials knowledge in the energy efficiency of appliances and their implementation & Increase Visibility of Efficient appliances in addition to the circular economy to enhance the efficient energy in the relevant countries.

This is through **regional training**, **study visits** and **dedicated tools** for dissemination as "brochures" on topics related to the testing centers, MEPS and labelling promotion for appliances with a special focus on air-conditioning.and the fact sheets for 4 countries

Timeline Plan

- Q2 2022 2023
- Q3 2021 Q3 2022
- Q3 2021
 Q4 2023

25 Monthy (~ 2.5yrs)

List of Activities

4.2.1. Organize Study visits

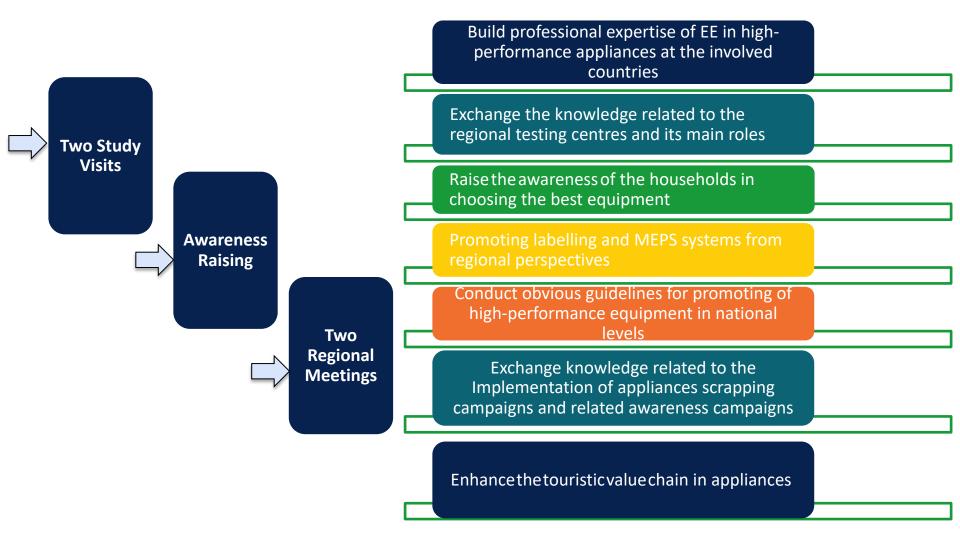
4.2.2. Ensure visibility and deployment of several guidelines and tools

4.2.3. Organize dedicated Webinars / trainings in presence

<u>Targeted Countries:</u> Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestine and Tunisia



Key Deliverables & Expected Outputs:





WP4.1.1 status

- Data collection and analysis regarding polices and legislations regulating appliances collection, dismantling, and safe disposal (8 countries).
- Fact-sheets in the design phase for each country reflecting the status of Appliances scrapping in the concerned countries



Fact sheet on the appliances scrapping management situation in Egypt

I. Background information 2023

Population	104.5 million
Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Generation:	27 million tons/year
Per Capita MSW Generation:	
- Urban areas	0.25:0.4 kg/day/capita
- Rural areas	0.55:1,2 kg/day/capita
Agricultural waste	32 million tons/year
Construction and Demolition Waste	6 million tons/year
Medical waste generation	0.045 million tons/year
Industrial waste	7 million tons/year
Hazardous waste	0.6 million tons/year
Electronic waste	0.585 million tons/year1

II. TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE

Electronic waste	0.585 million tons/year
ICT and Telecommunications Equipment CPUs, screens, monitors, mice, printers, keyboards, networking equipment, laptops, audio amplifiers, CDs, DVDs, and video cameras.	%
Large Household Appliances Fridges, Freezers, cookers, air conditioners, TVs, monitors, screens and fans	%
Small Household Appliances Hair dryers, fryers, and swing weaving	%
Consumer Equipment Items used for consumer use will also be included in the electronic waste sector. This category for consumers is	%

Abdelbasir et al. (2018)

Fact sheet on the electronic waste management situation in

Mitigation Enabling Energy Transition in the MEDiterranean region Together We Switch to Clean Energy

all forms of activity that will be important to serve consumers. Many activities fall into this category.	
Medical Equipment And there are still many who are not aware that this waste is also included in medical matters. If this is added up, it can be calculated how much the amount of waste is. So, electronic equipment is involved in injury, treatment, prevention, and detection activities.	%
Office Electronics calculators, photocopying equipment, electronical, typewriters, telephones, fax machines	%
Recycled	%
Final Destination	%
Open dumb site	
Open dumb site	%
Sanitary Landfills	12
Sanitary Landfills	%
- Operational	%
- Planned	%
- Under construction	%
- Constructed	%

III. Policy and planning environment

A national policy and planning, which defines the basic framework of the electronic waste sector

IV. Legal framework

The Hazardous materials and waste procedures were made clear in Articles 53 to 64 of waste management regulation law no. 202 for 2020.

The formation of a technical committee under the Waste Management Regulatory Agency to be charged with issuing unified lists of hazardous materials and waste was also stipulated in Article No. 53.

The duties of the committee are defined in Article 48 of the executive regulation of the law no 722 for 2022.

² Elnasreia landfill, Alexandria Governorate

Fact sheet on the electronic waste ma



Consultation missions

Morocco

 The mission objective was to meet the relevant stakeholders and key players at the Moroccan market to fill the gaps related to the scrapping. During the mission we focused on collecting the data related to the main points below:

Existing programs for appliances scrappir

Types and amounts of appliances.

 Existing market for appliances scrapping and recycling.

Existing facilities dealing with appliances.

Types of materials recycled and the

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potentiality of exporting.





Consultation missions

Egypt

- the mission was conducted in 2023 at one of the key players of the scrapping factors in Egypt.
- 15 companies have been identifies dealing with E-waste scrapping.
- Consultation mission will be arranged Identified the main challenges in barriers to enter the market and the main legislation needs to enhance the process.







Consultation missions

Jordon

- Consultation conducted in Q1 2023
- Meeting with RSS, JREEF, UNDP, FES, the Ministry of Environment and E- tafkeed which is a private company concerning with the appliances
- Existing programs for appliances scrapping
- Types and amounts of appliances
- Existing market for appliances scrapping and recycling
- Existing facilities dealing with appliances
- Types of materials recycled and the potentiality of exporting
- Main barriers and challenges facing appliances scrapping







Survey on appliances scrapping distributed, receiving 10 responses, those responses have been analyzed to conclude the main topics of the upcoming capacity building activities within WP4

After the analysis and identifications of the gaps we started a data collection process internally covering the needs assessment for the 8 relevant countries in the appliances, scrapping and the awareness related to them



Activity A4.2 Aims to enriching experts' and public bodies' officials knowledge in the energy efficiency of appliances and their implementation & Increase Visibility of Efficient appliances. This will be done through regional training, study visits and dedicated tools for dissemination as "brochures" on topics related to the testing centers, MEPS and labelling promotion for appliances with a special focus on air-conditioning.

This Questionnaire is one of the main tools to identify the needs and gaps among the relevant countries to be able to conduct the trainings and raise the awarness in theneeded areas and we are relying on your support as local experts to fulfill the data needed.

Questions			8				
To you have any regional or international programs related to EE in your country?	Yes	No				5	
f yes, please give us more information about the program?		1000					
are there any local/regional programs you know that focus on EE in appliances in your country?							
Who is conducting this program? Is it possible to share the contacts?	Stakeholder	Email	Phone Number	Position	Organization	Program link	
To you have any awareness campaign related to EE in the residential sector?	Yes	No					
f yes, please explain what kind of the campaigns?			s .				
Who is conducting this awareness campaign? Is it possible to share the contacts of the involved	Stakeholder Name	Email	Phone Number	Position	Organization		
			,	131/10111111	UNK ICHOCKUNII		



Stakeholders mapping have been developed to all the countries including all the public, private and international organization

The stakeholders have been identified to primary, secondary and others

key players	and stakeholders in			
		Plicy Making and Puplic Agencies	Private Sector	Regonal and International Co-
	Primary Players	APRUE MEM IANOR		RCREEE
Algeria	Secondry Players		APOCE PROMI	UNDP WB
	Other Players	ONS CDER CREDEG		IEA
	Primary Players	EE Unit -SG for CoM MoERE EOS		RCREEE
	Secondry Players	Federation of Egyptian	CESCP	UNDP WB GIZ
Egypt	Other Players	Egyptera GOEIC MFTI NREA NRC	EAG	EEIGGR GEFF AFREC IEA

ders	Mapping for Activity	4.2					
#	Abbreviation	Stakeholders Name	Type of stakeholder	Website			
Algeria					Stakeholders Colour Coding		
1	APRUE	National Agency for the Promotion and Rationalization of Energy Use	Governmental Institutions	http://www.aprue.org.dz			Essential and Key Stakeholder
2	MEM	Ministry of Energy and Mines	Governmental Institutions	http://www.mem-algeria.org			High Potential Stakeholder
3	ONS	National Statistics Office	Governmental Institutions	http://www.ons.dz			Relevant Stakeholder
4	CDER	Renewable Energy Development Center	Research and Academia	http://www.cder.dz			International Stakeholder
5	CREDEG	Centre for Research and Development of the Electricity and Gas	Research and Academia	http://www.credeg.dz			
6	IANOR	Algerian Institute of Standardization					
7	SONELGAZ	National Society for Electricity and Gas (SONELGAZ)	Utilities	http://www.sonelgaz.dz			
8	CREG	Electricity and Gas Regulation Commission (CREG)	Governmental Institutions	http://www.creg.gov.dz			
9	MDIPI	Ministry of Industry and Mines (MDIPI)	Governmental Institutions	http://www.mdipi.gov.dz			
10	MESRS	Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research (MESRS)	Governmental Institutions	https://www.mesrs.dz			
11	CRTSE	Research Center in Semi-Conductor Technology for Energy (CRTSE)	Research and Academia	https://crtse.dz/	EA		
		Egypt					
1	EE Unit -SG for CoN	Energy Efficiency Unit – Secretary General for Cabinet of Ministers	Governmental Institutions				
2	MoERE	The Ministry of Electricity and Renewable Energy	Governmental Institutions	http://www.moee.gov.eg			
3	EOS	Egyptian Organization for Standardization and Quality	Governmental Institutions	http://www.eos.org.eg			
4	TA	Tourism Authority (TA)	Governmental Institutions	http://www.egypt.travel			
5	EgyptERA	Egyptian Electric Utility and Consumer Protection Regulatory Agency	Utilities	http://www.egyptera.org			
6	CAPMAS	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics	Governmental Institutions	http://www.capmas.gov.eg			
7	MFTI	Ministry of Trade and Industry	Governmental Institutions	http://www.mfti.gov.eg			
8	NREA	New and Renewable Energy Authority	Governmental Institutions	http://www.nrea.gov.eg			
9	NRC	National Research Center	Governmental Institutions	http://www.nrc.sci.eg/nrc			



Action	Description	Status
Conducting the first online training on Equipment Scrapping to be held on the 29th of Feb 2023 Feb 2023 Full Rights Full R	 ✓ Regional initiatives for scrapping and it's technicalities ✓ The regulatory frameworks and main pillars for enhancing it ✓ Analyzing the countries current situation 	2023
 Preparing for the visualization tool on appliances 	 ✓ Videos have been created based on the surveys on the below topics ✓ Human behavior, labelling system for home appliances and the AC technologies including inverter 	2022

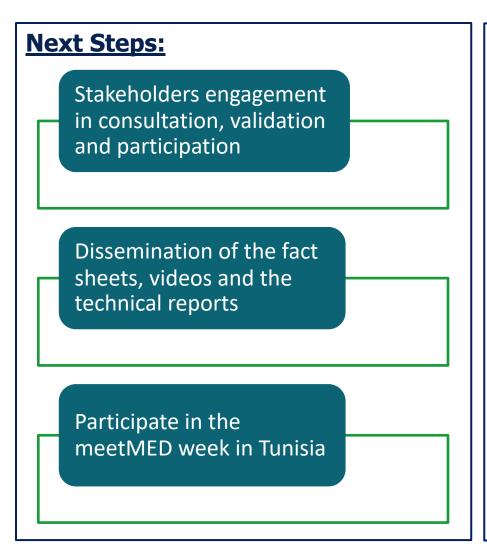


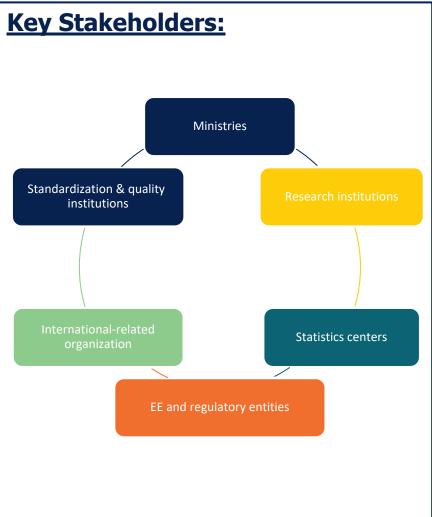
Action	Description	Status	
 Preparing the study tours on both Scrapping and appliances in Madrid in cooperation with CEIS and UNE 	√ To exchanging in formation and enhance the capabilities among the relevant countries and the existing technologies in Spain/ Europe	2023	





Next Steps & Collaboration with stakeholders







Challenges & Opportunities

- 1. Lack of BATs in local markets & at good prices
 - 2. Lack of Market Surveillance & MRV programs in most countries.

Challenges

1. Increased Political
Support upon the approach
of SDG targets deadlines
(2030)

- 2. Increased Public Awareness on the climate change issues.
- 3. Technological Advances help in reduce cost of efficient equipment.

Opportunities



